THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1797. [Vol. V.--No. 641.

VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water streets

A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and selling of such articles therein between the times of public sales as may be on limitation. They likewise offer their services in transacting any kind of Commission Business.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th. 1796.

FOR SALE,

A moiety or one half of
THE SHIP
HAMILTON,
Now lying at Harper's wharf. For terms apply to

RICHARD M. SCOTT.

May 16. 3t

For Freight or Charter,
TO ANY PORT IN EUROPE,
The Danish Ship
BROTHERS,

a new staunch built vessel, burthen 400 tons.—Apply to

ROB. T. HOOE & Co.

Who have for sale on board said Ship a large quantity of

CADIZ SALT
OF THE FIRST QUALITY.

April 15. tf

For Sale.
THE SCHOONER
AMERICAN
FABIUS,

Burthen about 400 barrels —in prime order, well found, a very fast sailer, 14 months old, is offered for sale very low.—For particulars, and sight of the vessel and inventory, apply to Messrs. John and Joseph Mitchell, George Town, or the master. If not sold in four or five days, freight or passengers for Newbern or Washington (N. C.) will be received.——To sail immediately.

J. ALDERSON.

☞ The AMERICAN FABIUS now lays at Mr. Dalton's wharf.

May 13.

For Freight.
THE SCHOONER
EAGLE,

Will be ready to sail on Tuesday morning, and will take freight or passengers to Norfolk. She has excellent accommodations, and is in all respects a well found and safe vessel. She now lies at Col. Ramsay's wharf. Application may be made on board the schooner, to

JAMES BOSWELL, Master.

May 13

Jackson & Dunnington

Have removed to the new store, next door to Mr. W. S. Thompson's, at the corner of King and Royal streets, where they have just received their

Spring and Summer Goods,

Which they are determined to sell at the most reduced prices.——They beg leave to request all those whose accounts have been standing over six months, to call and settle their respective balances, as no longer indulgence can be given.

To Let,

The Store, Counting-Room, and Cellar, formerly occupied by us on King-Street, next door but one to Messrs. Bennet & Watts. For Terms apply to

JACKSON & DUNNINGTON.

May 16. tf

Drinker & Stansbury,

AT the sign of the Saw, Prince Street have just received by the Columbia, from Liverpool, via Baltimore, an additional assortment of

Ironmongery, Cutlery, and Brass Wares.

They have on hand as usual, Paints, Spirits of Turpentine Tanner's and Lamp Oil, Window Glass, Soap, Candles, and Tar.

ALSO,

A few bushels of warranted Clover Seed.

SPRING GOODS.

BENNETT & WATTS

Have just received, and opened for sale, an extensive assortment of

Spring Goods.

The following are a part:—

Superfine cloths and Kerseymeres, of every description,
Gold and silver spangled and tambooured vest shapes,
Best black satin, elastic florentine do.
Marseilles and Muslinet vest shapes,
Silk, striped, twilled, and plain nankeens,
Best India nankeens,
Silk, striped cassinet, and sagathies,
Muslins, muslinets, and dimities,
India Persians, amongst which are some striped ones for gentlemen's morning gowns,
Irish Linens, assorted, from 10d. to 4s. sterling,
Lancashire sheetings, fine 5 4 Irish do.
Dowlas's ticklenburgs, British oznaburgs,
German Hemp, Rolls, Drills,
Sackings,
An elegant assortment of lutestrings and and satins, and most kinds of silk goods,
Fashionable feathers, ribbons, edgings, and laces,
Silk, cotton, and thread hosiery, of every description,
Ladies' English beaver hats, white, blue, and black,
Mens' do. do. do. of the first quality,
Elastic suspenders,
Gentelemens' and Ladies English shoes,
India Cottons,
Gentlemens' & servants' buck-skin breeches,
Gloves of all kinds,
Nuns,' oznaburgs, and coloured thread,
English and French umbrellas,
Tapes and bobbins,
A very handsome assortment of chintzes, calicoes, and Ginghams,
Furniture cottons, fringes, cord, and tassels,
Gold and silver cord and lace,
Bandano and other handkerchiefs,
A general assortment of hardware and ironmongery, amongst which are—
Scythes, sickles, anvils, vices,
Locks, hinges, saws of all kinds,
Nails & brads,
Blank books, paper, quills, inkpowder, &c.

By the William Penn, daily expected, we shall receive Russia Sheetings, and a further supply of Silk and Fancy Goods.

May 16. 3w

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE BY
HUGH SMITH,
A FEW SETS OF
Nankeen Dining China,
Ornamental China,
Tea China, various patterns in full sets, and by single sets of cups and saucers, &c.
Hyson skin,
Young Hyson, & } TEAS.
Imperial
He has also on hand,
Glass and Queen's Ware,
in crates and boxes, well assorted.
Coarse Hats in small boxes from 4s. to 6l. sterling.
Pipes by the box, &c. &c.
Country store keepers may be supplied with Queen's Ware, Glass, and China, repacked with the greatest care, and on reasonable terms.

May 12

A GREAT BARGAIN.
Three pipes of choice Madeira Wine,
to be sold on a credit of 90 days—for negociable notes with approved endorsers. Enquire at the Vendue Store of

MARSTELLER & SONS.

May 2.

Ja's. Patton & Ja's. Dykes,
Have just received per the schooner Nancy, Captain Palmer from Malaga, and for sale at their Warehouse on King street,
Rich Mountain Wine,
in quarter casks,
Do. Muscadel Wine,
Sun, Bloom, and Muscadel Raisins in casks, frails, jars, and boxes.
Figs in casks,
Soft shell Almonds in bags,
Valencia do. kernels in do.
They have also on hand
Sherry and Port Wines of an excellent quality, Pork in barrels, and a few quarter chests of first quality Hyson Tea.

May 4.

SPRING GOODS;

Joseph Riddle & Co.

Have received by the Potomac Chief, a General assortment of

LONDON GOODS.

They daily expect their LIVERPOOL GOODS, by the Commerce, bound to this port,

April 10. tf

Thompson and Veitch

Have received by the Potomac Chief, Captain Magruder, their assortment of

LONDON GOODS;
And their
Liverpool Goods

are shiped on board the Commerce, that would sail about the 10th of February for Alexandria, and is daily expected.

April 10 tf

TO BE RENTED,
From one to four years,
The House occupied by the subscriber on Fairfax street, adjoining Mr. Albert's Tavern. Possession to be given on or before the first of June. For terms apply to

JAMES PATTON.

He has also to rent,
That well known Store,
on Fairfax street, formerly occupied by M. Guy Atkinson.—Possession given immediately.

May 4.

Macleod & Yeatman,

At their wholesale & Retail Grocery and Wet Good Store, next to Messrs. Mandeville and Jamesson's, King street,

HAVE FOR SALE,

Young Hyson	TEAS.	Jamaica Spirits	
Fine Hyson		Antigua Rum	
Hyson Skin		French Brandy in pipes	
Souchong, and		Holland Gin in do.	
Bohea		American do.	
Loaf & Brown Sugar		Rye Whiskey	
Coffee & Chocolate		Madeira	WINES.
Black Pepper		Port	
Pimento		Sherry	
Fine Salt		Lisbon &	
Crude Salt petre		Malaga	
Best Carolina Indigo		British Battle Powder	

ALSO,

About 200 bbls. of SHAD and HERRINGS, warranted well cured; and a general assortment of Copper, Tin, and Pewter Ware.

☞ Flour stored on the customary terms.

May 4.

Opened for Sale,

Opposite Messrs. Thompson and Veitch's, in Fairfax street, by the subscriber, a variety of

WELL ASSORTED
SPRING GOODS,

Laid in on best terms, which he will vend for cash or produce on the lowest profit. He has also GROCERIES:—Soap, Candles, dipt and mould of the first quality; Liverpool China Ware, and Hardware.

T. H. O'NEIL.

☞ TO LET,
A large dry Cellar and Warehouse.

May 4.

HARDWARE.
Joseph Riddle & Co.
HAVE RECEIVED,
By the Ship Commerce, Capt. Cleveland, from Liverpool,
AN ASSORTMENT OF
Hardware, &c.

Well suited for Country Stores, which they offer for sale at their warehouse on Swift's alley, opposite Paton and Butcher's Iron Store.

N. B. We wish to sell or rent the Red Ware-house on Col. Ramsay's wharf, lately occupied by Hugh Smith. Possession can be given immediately, and if sold, a good title made.

J. RIDDLE & CO.

May 2. tf

Polkinhorn & Andrew,

Have just received by the Potomac Chief, from LONDON, a handsome assortment of

Gentlemens' Saddles,

With the following articles, viz.

Guard,	BRIDLES.	Crop,	WHIPS.
Pembroke		Jockey,	
Weymouth,		Twig, and	
Elliot,		Ladies' fan	
Pelham,			
Sharp,			

Mens' and Womens' Trees, with every article of Sadlery, wholesale or retail.

April 18.

SPRING GOODS.

NOW landing from on board the ship Lancaster, Richard Watson, master, from Whitehaven, and for sale at Wm. Hodgson's Warehouse, on Prince Street, a large and general assortment of

SPRING GOODS.

ALSO,

White Soap,
Mould Candles,
Durham Mustard,
Coppers,
White Lead,
Spanish Brown,
Venetian Red, } Paints in kegs.
Yellow,
Nails of all sizes,
8, 4, and 6d. Sprigs,
Sail Canvas, No. 1 to 8.
Window Glass,
Earthen and Stone Ware,
Glass Ware,
London bottled Porter,
And a few Pipes Port Wine of a superior quality.

WANTED,——A quantity of
Walnut Logs,
four squared.

April 11. tf

IMPORTED

BY ROBERT CALIFF, in the Ship Potomac Chief, Captain Magruder, from London, and for sale by the subscribers, on very low terms by the package only,

Dry White Lead in casks of	5 cwt. each,
Spanish Brown,	4
Venetian Red,	3
White Coopers,	2
Foreign Spruce Ochre,	5
Red Lead,	1½
Vermilion in papers	¼ cwt.

White Lead ground in oil in kegs of 28lbs. each,
Yellow Ochre,
Fine Green,
Fine Blue,
4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24, 30, and 40d. Nails in small casks,
Hardware well assorted in small packages, suited to country retail stores.
Sea Charts, Quadrants, Compasses, Hour and Minute Glasses, Gunter's Scales, a variety of articles in the Ship Chandlery line, assorted in small cases.
Lucca Oil in cases containing 3 doz. pint bottles
Best mustard in cases containing 6 doz. half pound bottles,
Spanish Indigo and Prussian Blue,
Soap in boxes of 1 cwt. each,
Double and single deep sea lines, Matlines, Log lines, and Sewing twine,
Ship bells mounted complete,
Seine twine of a very superior quality in bundles of two pounds each,
60 pieces of broad and narrow Buntin, all colours,
Six Seines 25 fathoms long, of the very best materials and workmanship, with corks, leads, and lines complete suited for the herring and shad fishery.
Roll Brimstone in small casks,
An assortment of Fresh Medicines and most approved Surgical Instruments in small cases, containing every article to assort a Druggist or Apothecary's shop, and well suited to accommodate a practising Physician.

These Goods being the property of a gentleman whose business calls him to the northward, they will be sold on terms which will be very favorable to the purchaser, if applied for immediately.

ROB. & JAS. HAMILTON.

April 15.

Rob't. Patten & Ch's. Scott

Have imported in the ship Commerce from Liverpool, a large addition to their

Spring Assortment,

Which they offer for sale by the Package or Piece on very reasonable terms, at their Wholesale Store, King-Street,

Double & single F Gunpowder by the quarter-cask, or larger quantity.
Hats assorted in Boxes from 9£ to 18£ curl.
Tow and Flaxen Oznaburgs by the bale or piece.
2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 20d. Nails in casks.
Glass Ware assorted in casks and cases.
Sledge Hammers and Trace Chains in casks.
Ironmongery and Hardware in casks and cases.
Best made London Smith's Bellows,

May 11. tf

NOW LANDING,
Out of the schooner Nancy from Malaga,
Oil Proof Brandy in pipes,
Mountain Wine, in quarter casks,
Raisins in barrels, frails, boxes and jars,
Almonds, in Sacks,
Figs in barrels,

For Sale by
FLETCHER & OTWAY.

May 2.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

MISCELLANY.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR.

MESSRS. PRINTERS,

HAVING lately met with your paper of the 27th ult. I obſerve a piece introduced by A. B. in favour of duelling. The arguments brought forward, on the occaſion are ſo extremely futile, that it is poſſible, had A. B. given them more than a curſory view, they would never have been introduced to the public inſpection; nor would they now be noticed, were it not that there are always to be found ſome perſons in the world, who, either not able, or too indolent to diſtinguiſh, between plauſibility and truth, are ſubject to be led aſtray by erroneous opinions.

The ſubſtance of the obſervations to be found in the piece abovementioned, will appear under the following heads, which I ſhall remark upon as they occur.

1. "That if the faſhions and opinions of mankind were amenable to the laws of reaſon and religion, it is admitted no ſuch practice as duelling could exiſt." Here it is to be noticed, the writer ſets out with admitting, by the moſt obvious inference, that duelling is inadmiſſible by either the laws of reaſon or religion, yet he proceeds to juſtify and advocate the practice. What ſhall we think of the man, who allowing the authority of religion and reaſon, can attempt to ſet their laws at defiance, and encourage an infraction of them? The conceſſion made by this writer at his firſt ſetting out, is ſufficient to overthrow every thing he could poſſibly afterwards ſay on the ſubject; but, nevertheleſs, let us attend him farther on.

2. "That the imputation of cowardice, however conſcious a perſon may be of not deſerving it, is ſo hateful and ſo terrible, that it is more than human nature can bear with, and ſubject the object of it to univerſal contempt." I anſwer.—The ſuſpicion of cowardice may be very galling to the pride of human nature, but it is by no means more than can, or ought to be borne rather than deliberately to do an unjuſtifiable act; nor does it ſubject the object of it to ſuch univerſal contempt as the writer ſuppoſes. The man who ſupports the character of worth, can never become contemptible, merely for a ſuppoſed conſtitutional defect. It was juſtly obſerved in an eſſay on duelling, publiſhed in the Mirror laſt March, that "Sentibility to "danger, or the want of it, are altogether conſtitutional, and can neither take "from, nor add to the credit of any one; "but the want of that fortitude, that honeſt pride, which ſhould riſe ſuperior "to the ſneers and ridicule of the diſſolute, unthinking part of mankind, may "be conſidered as an unfortunate weakneſs, which every one who feels it has "good reaſon to be aſhamed of."

3. "That the example of a man refuſing a challenge though from principle will not profit the world, becauſe his refuſal will univerſally be attributed to fear, and not to the true motive; and if no good can reſult from the example, it will be to no purpoſe to give it." To this I anſwer, that the queſtion with a man of principle, is not what opinion the world may form of his motives, but whether what he does, is in itſelf wrong or right. If public opinion, and not the precept of reaſon and the moral ſenſe, was to form the rule of a man's life and conduct, in that caſe I agree it might not be worth his while to ſet an example which might not obtain the credit it deſerved. I cannot however allow that the refuſal of a challenge, is without its uſe to the world; every inſtance of a refuſal leſſens the practice, and has a tendency to bring it into diſrepute, and conſequently into diſuſe.

4. "That all the virtues of which true politeneſs are made up, are indebted to the reſource of duelling for their place in ſociety; that it ſerves as a check upon the exceſſes of mankind, and that morality is much intereſted in the continuance of it, becauſe there are ſuch various deſcriptions of offences for which no penalties are provided by law." But to ſay, that politeneſs or good breeding; or, in other words, thoſe little attentions and civilities, ſo neceſſary to the mutual good will and accommodation of mankind in ſociety, are indebted to duelling for their exiſtence, is to ſay, that they are only to be met with in thoſe communities where duelling is practiſed; but that this aſſertion is unfounded, is evident from our knowledge of many ſocieties where the practice is not in uſe at all. But what muſt we think of this writer when he ſays, that morality is intereſted in the continuance of the practice? Here, if I miſtake not, he directly contradicts his own principles; for he has already ſaid, that duelling is inadmiſſible, by the laws either of reaſon or religion, and now he makes a diſtinction between the intereſts of morality and religion, as if they could be ſeparated. Perhaps the writer might think to reconcile theſe oppoſite aſſertions by ſaying, as ſome have, that duelling is a *neceſſary* evil; but let us try the force of this argument. When we ſay that any thing is *neceſſary* to effect a particular purpoſe, we mean that the purpoſe cannot be effected without it. Now, to ſay that ſuch offences as are not within the controul of the law, cannot be reſtrained without the check of duelling, is not true; becauſe experience proves they *are* reſtrained, as was obſerved above, in ſocieties where it is not in uſe, from religious motives in ſome, from a regard to character, or from a peaceable diſpoſition in others. Duelling cannot therefore be a *neceſſary* evil; but admitting it is, what then? Evil is evil ſtill, and muſt be eternally oppoſed to good; or what amounts to the ſame thing, virtue and vice muſt ever be irreconcileable; and though it were proved that upon any occaſion, an evil action was productive of good, the agent would nevertheleſs be guilty.

After all the big words you men of the world may utter about *honor*, *ſatisfaction*, the *ſpirit* of a *gentleman*, &c. the uſual rant of duelliſts, what do they amount to? The matter may be fairly brought to this iſſue.—When a man has received an injury from another, can that injury be repaired or attoned for, by an additional one; ſuch for inſtance, as the loſs of his leg, his arm, or his life? or, when a man has received an affront, is it reaſonable, or compatible with morality, that the life of the aggreſſor ſhould be the penalty? To deprive of life is a puniſhment annexed by law to the higheſt ſpecies of crimes only, and can it be juſt to demand, or conſiſtent with humanity to expect, ſo great a ſacrifice, merely to attone for an inſult? When theſe queſtions can be anſwered in the affirmative, then may the practice of duelling be applauded, but till then, let it be ranked with the moſt abſurd, irreligious cuſtom, that has ever diſgraced ſociety. What ſort of a heart muſt he have, who can coolly and deliberately aim the ſtroke of death at the boſom of a fellow creature? Suppoſe this fellow-creature to be the father of a helpleſs family, how aggravated is the crime?

Duelliſt may attempt to ſoften the matter by the ridiculous application of the words *honor*, *gentleman-like ſatisfaction*, &c. but the preſumption is, that he who will deliberately ſeek the life of his adverſary in the field, would not ſcruple upon another occaſion, to give the aſſaſſin's ſecret ſtab: Both acts are dictated by the ſame ſpirit, the ſpirit of revenge, and both are alike the moſt flagrant breach of laws, human and divine.

To conclude, I believe it will appear, upon due conſideration, obvious to all reaſonable men, that the intereſts of virtue, and thoſe of ſociety, are in all caſes inſeperable, and that whatever militates againſt the one, will eventually prejudice the other.

T. S.

May 8th, 1797.

FROM THE FARMERS WEEKLY MUSEUM

From the ſhop of Meſſ. Colon and Spondee.

FINE COMB POINTS:

Or, a ſovereign cure for the common diſorders in the head.

Take a fine ſmall tooth ivory comb, paſs it through the patient's hair every morning before breakfaſt, in various directions, for about ten minutes; about one in two minutes it will be neceſſary to paſs a ſtiff bruſh over the comb to clear the teeth or points from the magnetic or electrical fluid. N. B. If the diſeaſe is obſtinate, let the comb point be applied alſo in the evening, before the patient is put to bed.

By letters, which the inventor has received from ſeveral reſpectable clergymen, ſome eminent nurſes, and other literati, the efficacy of the comb points is eſtabliſhed beyond doubt. Here followeth a ſketch of ſundry remarkable cures.

An infant child of Mrs. Sarah Slattern had ever ſince its birth, been grievouſly afflicted with a certain diſorder in the head, called by the learned, "the dander, or dandriff." The poor babe was in ſuch a deplorable ſituation, that few of the neighbours could bear to look at it, while it pierced the heart with its cries and ſhrieks: by the application of fine comb points nine ſucceſſive mornings, it is now as quiet as a lamb, and looks the picture of health.

The widow Slipſhod, had ſeven children afflicted with an epidemic diſorder, which ran through the heads of the whole family. The poor children were in ſuch diſtreſs, that they were obliged to have ſometimes one, and ſometimes both hands in their hair, to alleviate the pain. I earneſtly recommended the fine combs points. Upon their being applied once a day for ſeveral ſucceſſive days, the patients are ſo far recovered that the eldeſt, who was moſt diſeaſed, eat a whole bowl of haſty pudding, without putting his fingers in his hair but three times.

CERTIFICATE.

Letter from a gentleman of the Cloth, to the inventor.

SIR,

Since the deceaſe of his mother, my ſon had been afflicted with a cutaneous diſorder in his head, which at length raged ſo violently as to run down the vertebræ of the neck. The poor boy could not even ſleep quietly. By the recommendation of a brother at Boſton, I tried Dr. Perkin's patent points, I am ſorry to ſay without ſucceſs, though we moved the tractors in every direction. But upon application of your fine comb points, the child has entirely recovered. He now repoſes ſo quietly, that he actually ſlept during one of my ſhorteſt ſermons. It is true he has ſeveral times relapſed but the renewed application of the comb points, never fail to give him eaſe.

FROM EUROPE.

LONDON, MARCH 22.

The Hamburg mail which became due yeſterday, has not yet arrived: but a Dutch paper received on Saturday, makes mention of a farther ſuſpenſion of hoſtilities on the Rhine, in conſequence of ſome negociations carrying on among certain northern powers. This news, however, it is to be underſtood, is of French origin. Commotions ſtill continued in the interior of the Dutch provinces, and the ſailors, in particular, were uncommonly clamorous for peace. The ſhips of war, it is ſaid, are very ill manned.

The more prominent reports of the day are—that negociations for peace are again pending, and it is moreover ſaid, that our miniſtry have privately diſpatched a perſon to Paris on buſineſs of this deſcription. The name of this agent is even given—the count D'Arcembairte. We merely mention the above as a rumor, reſting on very ſlender authority.

A veſſel arrived from Liſbon, which port it left on the 5th inſt. brings a poſitive ſtatement that the Spaniſh fleet had not appeared at ſea ſince the late action. A re-inforcement of three 74's, is ſaid to have been ſent out from Cadiz on the firſt report (to be erroneous) being received here of the battle, but this only kept to ſea to protect and aſſiſt the diſabled ſhips into port.

It was underſtood at Liſbon, that the Santiſſima Trinidada did not reach Cadiz till 10 days after the engagement, and was then, when laſt ſeen off this port, in ſo ſhattered a ſtate, that it was thought ſhe muſt be laid up as a hulk.

The Britiſh fleet at Liſbon, was perfectly refitten for ſea, as were the captured ſhips; great exertions were alſo uſing to get in early readineſs a Portugueſe ſquadron of conſiderable force.

A Spaniſh army was reported to be aſſembling on the frontiers of Portugal, but few apprehenſions were entertained of any immediate ſerious conſequences. The war was underſtood to be univerſally unpopular in Spain, in ſeveral provinces of which kingdom, there had been inſurrections, particularly in Catalonia, where the general wiſh was for a change of miniſtry.

It appears by a letter from Portugal, that the legion of Bourbon, in the Spaniſh ſervice, compoſed of French emigrants having been ſent to Portugal, mottly deſerted and enliſted in the regiments of Mortemar, Caſtries and La Chatre, to fight in the oppoſite cauſe.

It is ſaid that Captain Velters Cornwal Berkley, of the Emerald frigate is to have a court marſhal held on his conduct for not taking poſſeſſion of the Santiſſima Trinidada, the Spaniſh admiral's flag ſhip. It will be recollected, that after the late action Sir John Jervis diſpatched three frigates in queſt of the above ſhip, which they fell in with.—Having hoiſted the white flag, as a ſignal that ſhe had ſtruck, and finding it not anſwered, the Spaniſh admiral then hoiſted the Britiſh Jack over the Spaniſh colours, but Capt. Berkley, who was commodore, did not take poſſeſſion, though preſſed by his officers to do ſo—ſuppoſing theſe ſignals were a trap to deceive him. On his arrival at Liſbon, this matter was repreſented to Sir John Jervis, who ordered Capt. Berkley under arreſt.

Benezech, the French miniſter of the interior has given the firſt part of his account of Belgium to the Directory. Benezech announces the plan of the Directory to render the harbor of Antwerp fit to receive a navy! Nature has indeed provided for ſuch an eſtabliſhment, and a commiſſion is now employed to take exact ſoundings as far as Flufhing.

Letters have been received at Liverpool, from Martinico, up to the 20th January, adviſing, that the ſugar crop, then working up, was the moſt abundant known for many years back. Letters from other leeward iſlands, alſo corroborate the fact, and that the plenty has been univerſal, except where the ravages of war had interrupted the planter's induſtry—from which we may infer, that nothing but the freights and enormous war inſurance, will prevent a conſiderable fall in this very neceſſary article.

According to the report of an American gentleman who was at Breſt at the time the two French frigates were captured, it appears that the French commanders at Breſt ſaw thoſe ſhips captured, but thought it was a feint on our part, to induce ſome of their men of war to come out of Breſt.

The capture of the two frigates in Breſt water, which had landed troops in Wales, is the more fortunate, or, as ſome perſons would ſay, negatively ſucceſsful, as they had on board correct ſoundings, which they had made along the coaſt, in their way north about.

The laſt diſpatches from India were of that favorable nature, as not to preſs for Marquis Cornwallis's departure for that ſtation. This circumſtance gave riſe to the belief that the noble marquis would not go to India; it is, however, now fixed, that he ſhould leave town on or about the 24th inſt. to reſume his former ſituation of governor general. He takes his paſſage in a frigate, and is only to be accompanied by Mr. Gartſhore, his private ſecretary, and one or two domeſtics.

It is generally underſtood by thoſe who have the beſt means of information, that the new loan will be contracted for on Friday next. The committee on the ſtate of the finances are in the mean time expected to make their report.

In conſequence of the very important inveſtigation now purſuing, for a ſtrict enquiry into an actual ſtate of the finances of the country, retrenchments which may be made in future, and the arrears due from every public office, an order was ſent from the treaſury to the different departments under government, for a ſtate of their accounts, and for an eſtimate of their perquiſites and fees.

The Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty have contracted for ſeveral north country built ſhips, of 300 tons admeaſurement, and upwards, to act as convoys and guard ſhips on the eaſt coaſt of Britain, they being armed with 14 guns, 24 pounders, and ſmall arms in proportion. Six of them are to be ſtationed between Shields and Yarmouth.

PORTSMOUTH, MARCH 10.

Sailed yeſterday, the ſquadron to re-inforce admiral Lord Jervis, conſiſting of the Ville de Paris, Bellerophon, and Theſeus.

Sailed alſo, the Raiſonable, with the outward bound Eaſt-India ſhips.

This day ſailed the Alexander of 74 guns, and Hinde frigate, with the trade under the convoy for Liſbon.

FROM THE WEST-INDIES.

KINGSTON, (JAM.) APRIL 8.

We are ſorry to find by letters from Port-au-Prince, that the evacuation of the poſt of Mirebelais has been attended with conſiderable loſs.—It appears that Santhonax's army of blacks from Cape Francois had got poſſeſſion of a ſtrong poſt in the neighbourhood, through the treachery of a mulatto who commanded it, where the brigand ſtill kept the Britiſh flag diſplayed, by which means a party of huſſars out on a ſcouting party, on returning to the poſt, were all maſſacred except ſeven; that our army moved forward to retake it, but fell into ambuſcade and were forced to retire with the loſs of 230 killed, wounded and miſſing. In conſequence of the above diſaſter, we were obliged to evacuate the poſt of Mirebalais, which they deſtroyed.—The army of Santhonax conſiſts of about 8000 negroes regularly trained,

with white officers. It is feared the retreat of Sir W. Cockburne from Banique will be cut off by the above affair.

Since the consequences of the depredations committed on the American trade by the French, have been felt in St. Domingo, the government there has come to a resolution of providing convoys to and from America, and the vessels in government service are to be employed in it.—The ship Lyon will sail very soon from Port-au-Prince, with the vessels laying there, and will call at different ports in America, to convoy vessels bound to St. Domingo. It is intended the convoys should sail monthly.

NASSAU, (N. P.) APRIL 11.

From some authentic Spanish papers lately intercepted, it is now reduced to a certainty, that a negociation has long since been entered into, for the cession of the two Floridas and Louisiana, to the French republic, in consideration of the Spanish part of St. Domingo being retained by the Spaniards.

UNITED STATES.

CHARLESTON, APRIL 23.

Extract of a letter from Nassau, (N. P.) dated April 15.

"DEAR SIR,

"We have from England, as well as by intercepted letters brought in two days ago, by a Spanish vessel, captured and brought in here, a clear account that the Floridas have been given up to France, in consequence of what they may suppose an equivalent—and that a French general has actually been sent from the Havannah to Louisiana, in the name of the French republic, and it appears in an underhanded way. The above, you may depend on as authentic. The governor has the letters, and but for some particular circumstances, I would have sent you a copy of them."

Capt Earl, of the ship Harmony, who arrived here on Monday last, from Surinam, has favored us with the following particulars—

January 10th, on his outward voyage in lat. 18, 93, long. 52, 13, W. at 5 P. M. saw a brig bearing N. E. standing towards us, at 6, observing she had an ensign flying at her main-top-gallant mast head, which seemed to interpret she was something, but night coming on, and the track being so bad, in regard to cruizers, he did not think proper to wait for her; at half past 7 P. M. the man at the helm saw a light on board of her, and immediately it struck him that she was a vessel in distress, and tacked and stood towards her; at 9 P. M spoke her, and found her to be the brig Hannah, of Baltimore, R. Eastern, master, that had been blown off the coast on his passage from C. Francois to Baltimore; she had been 66 days out, 33 of which they had beat off, when they were beat off and obliged to bear away for the West-Indies. They were reduced to 5lbs. of beef and 4 of biscuits, and a few days before had killed a cat and a dog they had on board, and after they saw the ship, they eat the last of the dog. Several of the people were quite exhausted, and those that remained able for some days before, scraped the grease and dirt to keep them alive.—There were several French passengers on board, among whom a lady and two children, who had kept them alive by some powder that she boiled. I hoisted out my long boat, and gave them a barrel of beef, half a barrel of pork, nearly one puncheon of water, a quantity of hams, and some fresh stock, and in short a part of every kind of provisions and liquors on board.

Capt. Eastern during the afternoon I was in sight, it being almost calm, had got out his boat, and took two of the strongest of his people to try to get on board, but was not able before night—What was most astonishing, he gave orders to his mate to stand on after the ship, whether he got on board or not, for he said he might as well die in the boat as in the brig.

For Sale,

A STOUT, healthy NEGRO GIRL, about fifteen years of age, who has been brought up to house work.—Apply to the printers. May 4.

Barrel'd Pork,

OF THE FIRST QUALITY,

FOR SALE BY

JOSEPH CAREY.

April 1 tf

Alexandria, May 18.

FROM EUROPE.

BOSTON, MAY 10.

Since our last the Galen, Mackay; Merchant, Bates; and Eliza, Davis, have arrived here from London.—By the latter we have received a Portsmouth paper as late as APRIL 3, *containing London news to Saturday evening,* APRIL 1. *By this it is rendered certain, that the article in the London Oracle of March 24th, announcing the promulgation of a message from the Emperor to the king of Great-Britain, declaring that "He was reduced to the fatal necessity of suing for an immediate peace to save the remaining part of his dominions, in consequence of a new treaty of alliance between Prussia and France," is at least premature, if not a speculating l'Eclair manœuvre. We shall give our reasons for this opinion—In the Parliamentary proceedings to the 1st April, (eight days after) no mention is made of the message; and on the 31st March our readers will see that the subject of the imperial loan was agitated—besides, in the London papers of 31st March, it is mentioned only as circulating in reports.*

No military events of magnitude had occurred; but great preparations for hostile proceedings were making.

The people of England were meeting to petition the king to dismiss his ministers—a change of administration was talked of—measures were taking to support public credit; which were considerably retarded by the continued expectation of an invasion.—The following are the most important articles.

LONDON, APRIL 1.

The Hamburgh mail, which was due, arrived this morning.

Letters from Vienna, of the 15th ult. mention that reinforcements were marching both to the army of Italy and the Rhine.

The emperor of Russia is determined to support the constitution of the Germanic empire.

Several skirmishes had taken place between the advanced posts of the armies, which had in general terminated favourably to the Austrians.

IRISH INSURRECTION.—QUELLED.

Dispatches from Lord Camden, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to the Duke of Portland, containing the agreeable information, that the Insurrection, in the northern parts of that kingdom, had been entirely quelled.

INTERESTING ENGLISH AFFAIRS.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS,

MARCH 23.

Lord Oxford, in a maiden speech, moved an address to his majesty for *Peace with France*. The distress of the country was his inducement The Duke of Norfolk declared Ministers had lost all public confidence. Earl Guilford supported the address. It was opposed by Lords Grenville, Barrington, Moreton, Spencer, Carlisle, and Coventry, principally on the idea, that the French Directory did not wish for Peace. The motion was negatived 53 to 18.

DISMISSAL OF MINISTRY.

MARCH 27.

The Earl of Suffolk introduced his proposed motion for the dismissal of Ministers, by condemning the systems they had pursued, from the beginning of the war to the present time. He concluded by moving,

"That an humble address be presented to his Majesty, praying him to dismiss from his councils his Minister, the First Lord of the Treasury, he having by his conduct lost the public confidence."

A long debate took place, at the conclusion of which the House divided—

Against the motion,	87	
Proxies	18	184
For the motion,	15	
Proxies,	2	17
Majority,		87

PEACE.—WAR.

HOUSE OF COMMONS,

MARCH 29.

Mr. Pollen rose to apprise the house of his intention to bring forward a motion, of great importance to the country, in doing this, he disclaimed the idea of embarrassing ministers or provoking irritation in the public mind. The state of affairs required, in his opinion, an immediate revival of the negociation for peace; and if the enemy refused to listen to moderate and honorable propositions, he trusted that the house would afford a cordial co-operation with ministers, in a vigorous prosecution of the war. It was therefore his intention to move on Friday, April 7, That an an address be presented to his Majesty, praying that he would be graciously pleased to renew the negociation for peace, or to declare explicitly his reasons for carrying on the war.

IMPERIAL LOAN.

MARCH 31.

Mr. Sheridan expressed a wish to be informed, when it was likely the report of the secret committee, on the general state of the finances, would be made, as a motion he had in contemplation, was much connected with that subject.—Tho' nothing had been expressly declared to that effect, it was to be inferred from documents now before them, that his Majesty's ministers meant to grant his Imperial Majesty a further loan from this country; and he therefore meant to bring forward a motion on this subject, which he hoped ministers would not attempt to evade, but either explicitly avow that intention, or deny it.

He concluded by moving, as preparatory to his motion, "That there be laid before the house, copies of all the representations from the directors of the bank, on the subject of money remitted to the Emperor, since the first of January 1795, together with the answers made thereto by the chancellor of the exchequer."

Mr. Pitt said, with respect to the question of any further Imperial loan from this country, he could assure the gentleman that it was far from his wish to avoid the discussion of that subject.

He thought, however, that it would be highly improper and irregular to anticipate the question at present, but was prepared to enter upon it fully and circumstantially, any day that might be appointed for that purpose. So far from wishing to blink that question, his desire was, that it should undergo the most complete investigation, and receive the most explicit decision.

This much he had no hesitation of declaring at present, that according to his views of the situation of the country it was essential to its welfare and safety, that further advances should be made to his Imperial Majesty. If, by this means, we should be able to insure his effectual co-operation against the enemy.

The motion was put and agreed to.

MARCH 31.

It is strongly reported, that an entire new arrangement of administration is now under the consideration of his majesty, and that too at the express recommendation of Mr. Pitt and his friends, who, as has been more than once asserted, never wished to keep in place to be the means of protracting peace, whenever there was a possibility of obtaining it upon just and honorable terms.

Lord Thurlow and the marquis of Lansdowne, it is said, are engaged with the king in the arrangement of the new administration, of which themselves are to form two of the principal supports.

INVASION OF ENGLAND.

APRIL 1.

Early this morning, we received by express, from Dover, some further information respecting the embargo, which we have already mentioned to have been laid on at Calais, and some other ports of France.

The French persist in their design to invade this country. We have good reason to think, that the object of the Texel squadron is to go north about, most probable before the grand embarkation sails from Dunkirk. The discomfiture of the Spaniards has not disconcerted their plan. To accomplish it, the directory would be content to risk half even of the fleet of France. An army of 140,000 men is collecting upon the coast. The greater part of the soldiers are from La Vendee, with the keenest inveteracy against this country, to stimulate them to enterprize.

[Oracle.]

An embargo was laid upon all vessels at Calais; and it is generally supposed that this embargo extends to several other ports on the French coast.

There have arrived at Dunkirk, a great quantity of transports, completely equipped, from Boulogne and Calais; there are at present in the harbour 40 ships to set sail on the first signal; ten battalions of infantry are already embarked, and sleep on board; ten more battalions from the neighbouring garrison are to proceed thither in a short time; and it is believed that after they have embarked, the Expedition will set sail.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

APRIL 1.

A special court of the proprietors was held yesterday, when the governor informed them, that he had received a letter from Mr. Pitt, requesting a loan of 600,000l. on the credit of exchequer bills, which should be paid out of the first receipts of a new loan about to be made Mr. Pitt urged, that owing to the finance committee not having reported, he had not been able to fix any precise time for arranging the ensuing loan; and that very urgent demands being made on government the last 14 days, he requested the loan of the above sum. It was moved to agree to the request; which after a short debate, in which it was asked, whether the bank, by lending the sum, would not be obliged to limit its discounts to merchants; and to which the governor replied, that the time of the advance was too short to operate in such a way; was agreed to with only five dissentient voices.

A letter from Jean Rabel, to a merchant in Norfolk, cautions the masters of American vessels against putting their names to any paper or writing, after they are captured by French cruisers, lest in so doing, they sign their own condemnations.

The Governor of the Havanna has issued an order prohibiting American vessels to enter that harbour, from an enemy's port. No American vessels have been condemned there; as yet they are only stripped of their rigging and materials.

FROM A LONDON PAPER.

The Elder Tree possesses the following valuable properties: 1. Saving turnips from the Fly. 2. Preserving wheat from the Yellows 3. Preserving fruit trees from the Blight. 4. Preserving cabbage-plants from Caterpillars. The fact has been ascertained by Privy Council in their enquiries relative to the Hessian Fly. The Dwarf Elder has the most potent effluvia, and it requires no other trouble than to strew the leaves over the ground, or to strike fruit trees with the twigs.

WILL BE SOLD

At Public Vendue, for ready money, on Wednesday the 31st instant,

Sundry Lots of Ground

On Royal Street, at and near the corner of Duke Street.

ELISHA C. DICK.

May 18.

A CAUTION.

THE public are cautioned against purchasing any Lands conveyed by the subscriber to John Sutton. These Lands lye in the county of Hampshire, and state of Virginia. John Sutton's title to them was surreptitiously obtained, and will consequently be contested.

ELISHA C. DICK.

May 18.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

George Hunter and Co.

Having ceased the 6th instant by mutual consent. All persons to them indebted are requested to make speedy payment to George Hunter, who will settle and pay all accounts against said concern.

GEORGE HUNTER,
WM. M'MECHEN.

May 15.

THE subscriber will let the house on Kingstreet, lately occupied by Mr. Andrew Ramsay.—also, several acres of ground on Jones's Point, below Mr. Wm Patterson's.

S. COOK.

May 18.

For Sale,

A healthy Negro Woman,

Who has been used to all kind of house work, and is an excellent servant.——Apply to the Printers.

May 18.

JUST PUBLISHED,
[*Price 4s. 6d. Stitched.*]
A
DISSERTATION
ON
THE SCRIPTURES;

In which the Truth of the Bible is fairly put to the test, by controverting the evidences of its own facts.

BY JOHN FOWLER.

Among the variety of matter which this tract contains, are, Remarks on Paine's "Age of Reason;"—Strictures on Dr. Muir's pamphlet, called "An Examination of the Principles contained in the Age of Reason;—A recapitulation of some Essays formerly published in the MIRROR—A Review of some late publications in favour of the Christian System;—Remarks on the common notion of its being safest to believe at all events;—Remarks on the absurdities contained in the three first chapters of Genesis;—Remarks on Mahometanism; and Remarks on Predestination and Church Government.

It may be had at the Book Store of John V. Thomas, Royal-street; at the Book Store of Peter Cottom, King-street; and at the Store of Messrs. Bennett and Watts.

May 11.

Go. M'Munn & Isaac Sittler,

COPPERSMITHS:

BEG leave to inform the public, that they have removed to Prince Street, three doors above Royal Street, where they have on hand, as usual,

Stills of different sizes,

Wash, Tea, Hatters', and Fuller's Kettles,
Best English Brass do. of different sizes,
Counter Scales and Beams,
Copper, pewter, and tin measures,
An assortment of Tin Ware.

They have received per the ship Commerce, from Liverpool, an excellent assortment of

Strong Copper in sheets and bottoms, suitable for any kind of copper work, the whole of which will be made in the best manner, and sold as low as can be bought of equal quality in Baltimore or Philadelphia. They will pay particular attention to all orders for any copper work.—They have thin copper suitable for spouts and gutters, which will come cheaper than lead.—The highest price given for old Lead, Pewter, and Copper.

May 13. 6mep.

JAMES KENNEDY,
DRUGGIST,
FAIRFAX-STREET,

HAS received by the Potomac Chief, Captain J. Magruder, from London, and now for sale,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Fresh Drugs and Patent Medicines,

PERFUMES, SURGEON'S INSTRUMENTS, and a handsome assortment of SHOP FURNITURE, and VIALS; PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, and SPICES, the following are a part:—British Oil, Turington's Balsam, Anderson's Pills, Essence of Peppermint, Daffy's Elixir, Hooper's Pills, patent Sago, Cephalic Snuff, Walker's Jesuit's Drops, Glass's Magnesia; Heart burn, Peppermint, and Pectoral Lozenges, Francis's Elixir, Balsam Honey, Harlem Oil, Smelling bottles, Eau de Luce, Salt of Lemons, Greenough's tincture for the teeth, do. for the toothach, Tooth powder in boxes, Gold and Silver Leaf, Gold Beater's skin, Reeve's water colours, White Lead, Spanish Brown, Yellow Ochre, Venetian Red and Green Paints, ground in oil, White and Red Lead, Spanish Brown, Yellow and Stone Ochre, Patent Yellow, Verdigrease, Prussian Blue, Rose and Brown Pink, dry. Liquid Blue, for silk stockings, Nankeen dye, Fig-Blue, and Blue smalt, Walkden's black and red Ink-powders, red and black Sealing wax, and a few boxes best glazed Wafers. Patent blacking, cakes and balls; do. breeches balls, wash balls, court plaister, milk of roses, and Windsor soap. Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, and Canary seed.

He has likewise on hand Glass and Queen's ware in crates, black bottles in do. with a few cases of Glass and Queen's ware in table sets, and Port and Sherry Wine in casks and bottles, and Malaga Wine in quarter casks, all of a good quality, which he will sell wholesale or retail on reasonable terms, for cash, or on a short credit.

April 11. 6wep

FOR SALE,

A HOUSE and Lot, on Fairfax-street, in fee simple, lying north, and adjoining to Bryan Hampson's, now occupied by John Dulley.—The lot is 33 feet front, and 100 feet deep. The house is a large 2 story frame, with a back building of brick, with a cellar under the whole. There is also a frame stable on this lot.

One other Lot of Ground on Wolf-street, 80 feet, running back 106 feet 5 inches to a 10 feet alley, on which is erected a back frame building, in which Thomas Irwin now resides. This lot is subject to a ground rent of four pounds per annum. For terms apply to

JOHN JANNEY.

For Sale,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

Madeira, Sherry, Port, Lisbon, Malaga, and Teneriffe WINES, in pipes, hhds. quarter casks and bottles.
Ten pipes Thompson's Old Madeira.
Claret in hhds. and in cases of one dozen.
100 dozen do. Palus & Haut Margot, Medoc, in cases of two and four dozen, very old.
25 pipes of Cogniac and Bourdeaux Brandy
Holland Gin in pipes, jugs, and cases.
Jamaica and Windward Island Rum.
Whiskey in hhds and barrels.
A few hogsheads Molasses.
Hibbert's London bottled Porter and Brown Stout in casks of 6 dozen.
Bohea, Souchong, Hyson skin, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Imperial } TEAS of the best quality.
Philadelphia Loaf Sugar in barrels.
Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Spinning Cotton, Cadiz and Anguilla Salt, Chocolate in boxes, Rice, Fig Blue, Saltpetre, Brimstone, Allum Copperas, Madder, Glue, Rosin, Race, ground Ginger, Leiper's Snuff in bottles and bladders, Havanna Segars, Mustard in bottles, Anchovies, Cayenne and black Pepper, Allspice, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cassia, Raisins in kegs and boxes, soft shelled Almonds, Spermaceti Candles, mould and dipped do. white and brown Soap, Philadelphia Soal Leather, &c.

ALSO,
Four Boxes and one Bale
Irish Linens,
Well assorted, which will be sold very low.

MANDEVILLE & JAMESSON.

April 18.

At a Court of Hustings continued and held for the town of Alexandria, the 5th day of April, 1797.

Josiah Watson, Complainant,
against
John R. Wheaton Joseph Cary, Wm. Hodgson, George Clemenson, and James M'Clenechan, Def. } *In Chancery.*

THE defendant John R. Wheaton, not having entered his appearnce, and given security according to law, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of this Court that he is not an inhabitant of this country. On the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of July term next, and answer the bill of the complainant; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, for two months successively, and posted up at the front door of the Courthouse in the said town of Alexandria. And it is further decreed and ordered, that the defendants Joseph Cary, Wm. Hodgson, James M'Clenachan, and George Clemenson, do not pay, convey away, or secrete any of the debts owing to, or effects in their hands, belonging to the defendant John R. Wheaton, until the further order and decree of this Court.

A Copy,
Teste, P. WAGENER, C. C.

April 20. 2m

At a Court of Hustings continued and held for the town of Alexandria, the 5th day of April, 1797.

Josiah Watson, Complainant.
against
John R. Wheaton, and Bernard Ghequier, Def. } *In Chancery,*

THE defendant John R. Wheaton not having entered his appearance and given security agreeably to law, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that he is not an inhabitant of this country—on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of July term next, and answer the bill of the complainant, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, for two months successively, and posted up at the front door of the Courthouse, in the said town of Alexandria. And it is further decreed and ordered, that the defendant Bernard Ghequier do not pay, convey away, or secrete, any of the debts owing to, or effects in his hands, belonging to the defendant John R. Wheaton, until the further order and decree of this court.

A Copy,
Teste,
P. WAGENER. C. C,

April 20. 2m

ADVERTISEMENT.

Will be sold on the 31st day of May next, on the premises, near the Wolf Run Shoals, to the highest bidder for ready money,

166 acres of Land, belonging to the estate of John Lenton, dec. to satisfy the Commonwealth's execution against him for duties on Tobacco shipped from the Dumfries warehouse from the year 1783 to 1786.

LEWIS SUMMERS, D. S.

Feb. 28. tdf

William Grovermah,

Has received from Bremen and Hamburg,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
GERMAN GOODS,
Which he offers for sale in Fairfax street, opposite Thompson and Veitch's.

May 2. 1m

Genteel Board and Lodging

may be had for three or four persons, by making application to the Printers hereof.

April 25. tf

I wish to Let,
FOR A TERM OF YEARS,
The Store and Dwelling-House now in the occupation of Mr. Joseph Saul, on King street. Possession will be given immediately.

JOHN NORWOOD.

May 16

Wanted to Lease,
For a term of years,
A small House, or a vacant spot of Ground in a tolerable stand for business in this town. Any person having to lease as above, by leaving information at this Office, shall be attended to.

May 11, tf

Samuel Kirk,
TAYLOR AND HABIT MAKER,
FROM LONDON,

TAKES this opportunity of informing Ladies and Gentlemen, and the Public in general, that he carries on his business in its various branches, and in the most complete and fashionable manner in Royal, near the corner of King Street, where those who honor him with their orders, may rely on his assiduity and attention to give universal satisfaction.

Also, at the same place gentlemen's clothes scowered and press, and stains or spots taken out of Ladies' silks.

March 14. tf

TO THOSE WHO INTEND BUILDING WITH BRICK THE ENSUING SEASON.

THE subscriber will contract to deliver in the kiln, well burnt merchantable Bricks, to any amount, not to exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand.

Also, To those who intend making of Brick the ensuing season.—The subscriber will contract to supply with wood delivered here, to any quantity, not to exceed 500 cords.

The subscriber will also contract to have cut at his Mill, and delivered here, bills of Scantling of such dimensions as may be required.

As usual, at the UNION BREWERY,
Strong & Table Beer
of superior qualities, ready to be delivered to purchasers.

ROBERT SMOCK.

March 18.

To Let,

For a term of three or more years,
That valuable stand for business, situate on King street, adjoining Mr. David Davey. The lot is 43 feet front, and 80 feet deep, on which is erected a two story brick house, 20 feet in front and 30 feet deep, a cellar under the whole—two rooms on each floor with fire places, a kitchen, bake oven, stable, and other conveniences for a family. Also, a warehouse, 18feet front by 38 feet deep, with a small garden behind the same. For further particulars apply to

PHILIP MARSTELLER.

January 24. tf

PHILIP WANTON,

RESPECTFULLY informs that he has removed his Merchandize to his Store lately occupied by Janney & Irish, in Prince Street, near Ricketts and Newton's new buildings, where he is opening an extensive assortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY and BRASS WARE, lately received from Europe, and selected from several importations.

Also,
A few tons of Pot metal well assorted,
A quantity of 56's and smaller weights,
Soal Leather,
Excellent Indigo and Dye Stuffs.
Clover and Timothy seed.
Flour Stored, and other Merchandize, received for sale on commission.

N. B. A valuable lot, corner of Fairfax and Wilkes street, will either be sold whole or divided in smaller lots—the terms will be made easy. If not disposed of at private sale, prior to the 15th of 3d month next (March) shall then be sold at public sale.

P. WANTON.

Alex. 24th 1st mo. tf

ALL those who stand indebted to the late ROBERT HULLS, are requested to pay their respective debts unto the subscriber; if not, suits will be commenced without respect to persons. Those who have any demands against the same, are requested to furnish their accounts for settlement.

her
ANN X HULLS, Administratrix
mark.

May 9.

COGNIAC Brandy, } in pipes.
Hollands Geneva, }
Liverpool fine }
Lisbon, and } Salt.
Allum }
Spanish Hides, &c.

FOR SALE BY
Fletcher & Otway.

December 21.

TWENTY BARRELS OF THE BEST
Philadelphia Pork,
FOR SALE BY
Wm. HARTSHORNE & SONS.

5th mo. 13.h.

CHARLES JONES,
COACH-MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to acquaint his friends and former customers, that he has again commenced business at WEST END, Duke Street, where he purposes to carry on the COACH-MAKING in all its various branches.

He hopes from his general knowledge, long experience, and a desire to give perfect satisfaction to all who please to favor him with their commands, to merit a continuance of that encouragement he has hitherto so amply experienced.

N. B. To accommodate his town customers, their carriages shall be sent home when repaired.

☞ For Sale, A NEAT ONE HORSE CHAIR not three months in use.

March 23.

JAMES GUNNING,
COACH & HARNESS MAKER,

MOST sincerely returns his thanks to the Gentlemen of Alexandria, and its vicinity, for the encouragement he has received since his commencement of business in this town, and informs them that he has on hand a stock of good seasoned timber, and as good workmen in its various branches as any on the continent, and hopes, from his experience in the business at Dublin, at No. 101, Longacre, London, and at Baltimore, to be enabled to give general satisfaction.

☞ The highest price given for good
Second hand Carriages.

N. B. Carriages of all descriptions for sale, and will be delivered in a few moments after the order is given.

March 18.

TO COVER AT MOUNT-VERNON.

TRAVELLER,

A Beautiful dark chesnut bay Stallion, about fifteen hands high, and to generally known in this part of the country, that I will give no further description of him. He will cover at Five Dollars, with half a dollar to the groom, for each mare, during the season.

Knight of Malta, Young Royal Gift, and Compound,

Are Jacks of size and form, superior to most of the kind, and well known to get Mules of great strength and activity. The utility of mules on many accounts, are so generally known, that any further comment is thought unnecessary. These Jacks will cover Mares or Asses at Ten dollars, with half a dollar to the groom for each, during the season, which will commence on the first day of April next, and end the first day of August thereafter.

Good pasturage, under sufficient fence, will be afforded those who request it, at half a dollar per week, for each mare or ass, and the money for covering and pasturage to bepaid before the property is carried away.

Gentlemen who may be pleased to send mares or asses to the Stallion or Jacks, may depend on every attention being paid to their property while under my care—but I will not be answerable for accidents nor escapes.

JAMES ANDERSON.
MANAGER.

Mount Vernon, March 14. tf

THE Subscriber having again engaged in the business of ROPE-MAKING, would give employment to a few sober men who are good workmen: he will take a few boys of good characters as apprentices; in either case apply to Mr. Thomas Irvin in Alexandria, who will give any farther information which may be required.

JAMES IRVIN.

Bank head, near Alexandria,
March 28. tf

Lands For Sale.

TWO TRACTS OF LAND containing two thousand acres each, in Harrison County and State of Virginia; one of which lies on both sides of Buchannan River, the other on a branch of the said river—dry or wet goods, approved notes, or cash will be taken in payment by the subscriber, who wishes to rent or sell several Lots in this town.

JESSE TAYLOR.

Alex. March 23.

Flour Store.

THOMAS PETERKIN will Store Flour for any length of time, at six pence per barrel, in the warehouse lately occupied by James M. M'Rea and Co. adjoining Messrs. Shreve and Lawrason.

Where he has for sale,
Coarse and Fine Salt, West India & N. E. Rum, Loaf & Brown Sugar, Coffee, Pepper, Indigo, and Salt Petre, London Porter in hampers, Queen's Ware in crates, Tanner's Oil, 3d. and 4d. Nails, fine bush sacks twill'd, 100 barrels Tar.

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